DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE  
Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors  
Section: 03 41 00—Precast Structural Concrete  
Section: 03 47 00—Site-Cast Concrete  

REPORT HOLDER:  
COMPOSITE TECHNOLOGIES LLC, dba THERMOMASS  

EVALUATION SUBJECT:  
THERMOMASS® CC-SERIES FIBER-REINFORCED COMPOSITE WYTHE CONNECTORS FOR INTEGRALLY INSULATED WALL PANELS  

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE  
Compliance with the following codes:  
- 2015, 2012 and 2009 International Residential Code® (IRC)  
- 1997 Uniform Building Code® (UBC)  
- 2013 Abu Dhabi International Building Code (ADIBC)†  
†The ADIBC is based on the 2009 IBC. The 2009 IBC code sections referenced in this report are the same sections in the ADIBC.  

Properties evaluated:  
- Structural  
- Environmental  
- Physical and mechanical  

2.0 USES  
The CC-SERIES connectors are used as panel connections in integrally insulated concrete walls (commonly known as sandwich walls) to resist static and transient tension and shear loads in uncracked, normal weight concrete. The connectors are alternatives to cast-in-place steel anchors described in Section 1901.3 of the 2015 IBC, Sections 1908 and 1909 of the 2012 IBC, Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 IBC, and Section 1923 of the UBC. The connectors may also be used where an engineering design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.  

3.0 DESCRIPTION  
3.1 Connectors:  
CC-Series connectors are fiber-reinforced composite connectors with groove anchors at both ends for anchorage into wet concrete with a plastic overmold in the middle of the connector. The connectors are illustrated in Figure 1. The connectors are produced by a pultrusion process from a polymer composite consisting of epoxy vinyester resin reinforced with continuous glass fibers. The overmold is injection-molded from polystyrene plastic.  
The CC-Series connectors measured 0.31 inch (7.9 mm) thick and 1.555 inch (39.5 mm) wide.  

3.2 Concrete:  
Normal weight concrete must conform to Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC or UBC, as applicable and comply with the compressive strength requirements in Table 2.  

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION  
4.1 Physical and Material Properties of the Connectors:  
Design must be based on the physical and mechanical properties described in Tables 1 and 2.  

4.2 Design for Tension and Shear:  
Design must be performed using the applicable sections of the applicable codes and using the allowable loads as noted in Table 2. Allowable loads for CC-Series connectors subjected to combined shear and tension forces must be determined by the following equation:  
\[(Ps/Pt) + (Vs/Vt) \leq 1\]  
where:  
- \(Ps\) = Applied service tension load (lbf or N).  
- \(Pt\) = Service tension load (lbf or N).  
- \(Vs\) = Applied service shear load (lbf or N).  
- \(Vt\) = Service shear load (lbf or N).  

4.3 Displacement of the Connector:  
The displacement due to gravity loads must be limited to 0.1 inch (2.54 mm). When the connector displacement exceeds the limiting value of 0.1 inch (2.54 mm) due to the gravity loads, the free end of the connector must be supported to maintain fixity by other means. The displacement must be calculated as follows (neglecting any contribution from the insulation in the intended application):  
\[\Delta_g = \frac{Q_g \cdot a^2}{12E_{AB} \cdot I_A}\]  
where:  
- \(\Delta_g\) = Displacement due to gravity load (inch or mm).
5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Thermomass CC-Series connectors described in this report comply with, or are suitable alternatives to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

5.1 Connector sizes, dimensions, and installation must comply with this report and Thermomass published installation instructions. In case of a conflict between this report and other documentation, this report governs.

5.2 Allowable tension and shear loads must be as noted in the Table 2.

5.3 Calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official for approval. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.

5.4 Design and installation of the concrete wall panels, except as specifically noted in this report, is outside the scope of this report and must comply with the applicable code.

5.5 Connectors may be recognized for interior exposure, exterior exposure or damp environments.

5.6 Connectors must not be permitted for use in conjunction with preservative-treated and fire-retardant-treated wood.

5.7 Special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.5 of this report.

5.8 Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of connectors subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these connectors under these conditions is beyond the scope of this report.

5.9 Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of fiber-reinforced connectors in cracked concrete is unavailable at this time, the use of these connectors must be limited to installation in uncracked, normal weight concrete. Cracking occurs when \( ft > fr \) due to service loads or deformations.

5.10 Connectors must not be permitted for use in conjunction with fire-resistance-rated construction.

Exceptions are:
- Connectors resist wind loading only.
- For other than wind loading, special consideration is given to fire exposure conditions.

5.11 Seismic or wind load under the IBC: Use of the connectors to resist seismic loads is beyond the scope of this report. When using the basic load combinations in accordance with IBC Section 1605.3.1.1, allowable loads are not permitted to be increased for wind loading. When using the alternative basic load combinations in IBC Section 1605.3.2 that include wind loads, the allowable shear and tension loads for connectors may be increased.

5.12 Seismic or wind load under the UBC: When using the basic load combinations in accordance with UBC Section 1612.3.1, allowable loads are not permitted to be increased for wind or seismic loading. When using

\[ Qg = \text{Gravity load on the connector, typically the weight of the fascia layer of the tributary area for the connector (lbf or kN), } Qg = t \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \gamma, \]

where:
- \( t \) = thickness of the fascia layer (feet or m);
- \( a \) = horizontal spacing of the connector (feet or m);
- \( b \) = vertical spacing of the connector (feet or m);
- \( \gamma \) = density of concrete (lbf/ft³ or kN/m³).

\[ d_A = d_d + \frac{2 \cdot h_v}{3} \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{h_v}{d_d}} \right] \]

where:
- \( d_A \) = Connector bending length, a function of insulation thickness and embedment (inch or mm).
- \( d_d \) = Insulation thickness (inch or mm).
- \( h_v \) = Embedment length of the connector in the concrete.
- \( E_{Ab} \) = 0.95 times the flexural modulus of elasticity as given in Table 1 (psi or MPa).
- \( I_0 \) = Moment of inertia of the connector as given in Table 1 (in⁴ or mm⁴).

The deflection of the connector may be reduced by decreasing the connector spacing, but not less than 8 inches (203 mm) on center each way.

4.4 Installation:

Connector orientations and locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. CC-series connectors must be installed in accordance with the instructions provided by Composite Technologies LLC, dba Thermomass. The instructions are provided with each shipment of the connectors. The minimum embedment, critical edge distance, and critical spacing must comply with Table 3 of this report.

The minimum concrete thickness must comply with the applicable code requirements or 1.5 times the connector effective embedment, whichever is greater. Within 20 minutes after the bottom layer of concrete is placed, code complying rigid insulation board with holes sized to accept the connectors must be placed over the concrete while it is in the plastic state. The connectors, sized to match the insulation board thickness, are inserted through the holes in the insulation board into the bottom layer of concrete, until the prescribed embedment is reached. Concrete consolidation around the connectors must be conducted in accordance with the applicable code and Thermomass published instructions. The top layer of concrete is then placed over the insulation board, engaging the connectors and consolidated. Panels must cure in accordance with the applicable code.

4.5 Special Inspection:

Installations must be made under special inspection in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 of the 2015 and 2012 IBC and Section 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC, or Section 1701.5.2 of the UBC. The special inspector must be on the jobsite continuously during connector installation to verify connector type, connector dimensions, and cleanliness, embedment depth, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, edge distance(s), connector spacing(s), concrete thickness, concrete consolidation and concrete curing.
the alternative basic load combinations in UBC Section 1612.3.2 that include wind or seismic loads, the allowable shear and tension loads for connectors are permitted to be increased by 33\% percent.

5.13 Connectors are manufactured by Composite Technologies LLC, dba Thermomass under a quality control program with inspections conducted by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Fiber-reinforced Polymer Composite or Unreinforced Polymer Connectors Anchored in Concrete (AC320), October 2015 (editorially revised September 2017); including seismic tests, and creep tests.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

7.1 The connectors must be identified in the field by dimensional characteristics and packaging. The packaging label indicates the Composite Technologies LLC, dba Thermomass, name and address, and the ICC-ES report Number (ESR-2873). Each connector is stamped with the lot number.

7.2 The report holder’s contact information is the following:
COMPOSITE TECHNOLOGIES LLC, dba THERMOMASS
1000 TECHNOLOGY DRIVE
POST OFFICE BOX 950
BOONE, IOWA 50036
(515) 433-6075
www.thermomass.com
bnesset@thermomass.com
### TABLE 1—PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>CC-SERIES CONNECTOR</th>
<th>Customary Units</th>
<th>SI Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cross-sectional area</td>
<td>0.475 in²</td>
<td>306.3 mm²</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moment of inertia (Strong Axis)</td>
<td>0.0904 in⁴</td>
<td>37645 mm⁴</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moment of inertia (Weak Axis)</td>
<td>0.0038 in⁴</td>
<td>1566 mm⁴</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Embedment depth</td>
<td>2 inches</td>
<td>50 mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bending elastic modulus</td>
<td>4,764,000 psi</td>
<td>32,846 MPa</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 6.9 kPa.

### TABLE 2—ALLOWABLE TENSION AND SHEAR VALUES IN NORMAL WEIGHT CONCRETE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>CC-SERIES CONNECTOR</th>
<th>$f'_c = 6,000$ psi²</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Static tension</td>
<td>860</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Static shear, parallel to strong axis</td>
<td>839</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Static shear, parallel to weak axis</td>
<td>738</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-Cyclic tension¹</td>
<td>822</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-Cyclic shear, parallel to strong axis¹</td>
<td>839</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-Cyclic shear, parallel to weak axis¹</td>
<td>655</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 psi = 6.9 kPa, 1 pound = 4.45 N.

¹ Allowable loads have been determined by applying a factor of safety of 4 to the test results.
² Concrete must achieve this compressive strength before anchors are loaded [minimum of 24 MPa is required under ADIBC Appendix L, Section 5.1.1].
³ For UBC only.

### TABLE 3—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>CC-SERIES CONNECTOR (inches)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Embedment depth</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical edge distance¹</td>
<td>5.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical spacing²</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

¹ Critical Edge Distance: The least edge distance at which the allowable load capacity of a connector is applicable without reductions.
² Critical Spacing: The least connector spacing distance at which the allowable load capacity of a connector is applicable such that the connector is not influenced by adjacent connectors.
FIGURE 1—CC CONNECTOR PROFILE

CC SERIES
CONNECTOR PROFILE

(ALL DIMENSIONS IN mm) FOR CUSTOMARY UNITS 25.4mm = 1 INCH